DISPOSITION: January 20, 1953. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction.

20004. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 14 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 34288. Sample No. 56238-L.)

LIBEL FILED: December 8, 1952, Southern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 30, 1952, from Minneapolis, Minn. Product: 14 95-pound bags of flour at Dayton, Ohio.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments, redent hairs, and rodent pellets. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: January 27, 1953. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to an institution, for use as stock feed.

20005. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched flour. U. S. v. Whitewater Flour Mills Co. (Ross Milling Co.). Plea of guilty. Fine of \$500 and costs. (F. D. C. No. 33741. Sample No. 46354-L.)

INFORMATION FILED: December 9, 1952, District of Kansas, against the Whitewater Flour Mills Co., a corporation, trading as the Ross Milling Co., Whitewater, Kans.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 5, 1952, from the State of Kansas into the State of Louisiana.

LABEL, IN PART: "Whitewater Rose Bleached Flour \* \* \* Enriched Self-Rising."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, thiamine, riboflavin, and niacin, had been in part omitted from the product.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity for enriched self-rising flour since each pound contained less than 2 milligrams of thiamine, less than 1.2 milligrams of riboflavin, and less than 16 milligrams of niacin.

Disposition: January 12, 1953. The defendant having entered a plea of guilty, the court fined it \$500, plus costs.

## MISCELLANEOUS CEREALS\*

20006. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 250 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 34407. Sample No. 22254-L.)

LIBEL FILED: December 10, 1952, District of Puerto Rico.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 19, 1952, by United Rice Milling Products Co., Inc., from New Orleans, La.

PRODUCT: 250 100-pound bags of rice at Camuy, P. R.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of larvae, larva parts, and insect excreta.

DISPOSITION: January 14, 1953. United Rice Milling Products Co., Inc., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Federal

<sup>\*</sup>See also No. 20014.

Security Agency. The product was reconditioned, with the result that 11 100-pound bags of the product were found unfit and were destroyed.

20007. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 13 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 34210. Sample No. 8237-L.)

LIBEL FILED: November 7, 1952, Western District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 21, 1952, from Youngstown, Ohio

PRODUCT: 13 100-pound bags of rice at Sharon, Pa.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of live insects and insect fragments. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: January 26, 1953. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a county institution, for use as animal feed.

20008. Adulteration of tapioca, cocoa beans, sugar, coffee beans, garbanzos, and coriander seed. U. S. v. 567 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 33222. Sample Nos. 36960-L, 36963-L, 37260-L, 37261-L, 37263-L to 37265-L, incl., 37267-L, 38594-L, 38595-L.)

LIBEL FILED: May 1, 1952, Eastern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 31, June 12, August 21, September 8, and October 15, 1951, and February 14, 1952, and various other dates, from various foreign countries.

PRODUCT: 567 200-pound bags of tapioca, 4 112-pound barrels of cocoa, 523 175-pound bags of cocoa beans, 46 100-pound bags of sugar, 13 140-pound bags of cocoa beans, 7 140-pound bags of coffee beans, 5 100-pound bags of garbanzos, 9 140-pound bags of cocoa beans, 499 100-pound bags of coriander seed, and 250 140-pound bags of coffee beans, at Brooklyn, N. Y., in the possession of Beard's Erie Basin, Inc.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of rodent excreta, rodent urine, rodent hairs, insect excreta, insects, and insect fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the articles had been held under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth. The articles were adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: On May 20, 1952, S. Alexander Schonbrunn, a partner of the Sassco Coffee Co., New York, N. Y., claimant for the 250-bag lot of coffee beans, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for segregation and destruction of the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. The segregation operations resulted in the destruction of 123 pounds of coffee beans as unfit.

On May 28, 1952, the Aetna International Corp., New York, N. Y., having appeared as claimant for the coriander seed and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for reprocessing under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. The product was segregated, resulting in the destruction of approximately 800 pounds as unfit.